



Universal language.

English and volapük.

(4. Abdrük. 1886).



Alfabet (lafàb).

A (a), e (e), i (i), o (o), u (u); ä (ä), ö (ö), ü (ü). — B (b),
p; d, t (t), h (th); v (w), f (f, ph, v); c (h), y (j), h (ch); g (g);
not = dch, k; l, r, m, n, ñ (ng); s (s, š), ſ (ß), j (sh, sch), c (g, dch),
c (ch, tch), x (x), z (z) = 32.

I. Substantiva (subsàts).

A. Declinatio (deklìn).

English:

volapükó:

- a. Singulàris (banùm).
1. the father (*he faher*) | fat,
a " (a ") | fàt,
2. of the " (ov *he* ..) fatà,
3. to the " (tu *he* ..) fate,
4. the " (*he* ..) fatì.
e. Pluràlis (plunum).
1. the fathers (*he fahers*) fats,

English:

volapükó:

2. of the fathers (ov *he* fahers) fatàs,
3. to the .. (tu *he* ..) fatès,
4. the .. (*he* ..) fatìs.
i. Vooativi (kimofals).
1. o father! (o faher!) o fat!
2. o fathers! (o fahers!) o fats!

E. Feminina (vöds jitik).

1. the friend (*he frénd*) flèn;
2. the *she*-friend (*he ji-frend*) *ji*-flen (wife),
3. " " " (,, ,) of-flen (virgin).

I. Diminutiva (smalamaröds).

1. the flower (*he flauər*) flòl;
2. the floweret (*flauəret*) flolit.

II. Adjectiva (ladyèks).

A. -ik (-lik, -nik, --sik).

- a. 1. the nature (*he nècyur*) nàt;
2. natural (nacyural) natìk.
e. 1. the natural thing (*hiŋ*) din natik,
2. of the natural thing (*hiŋ*) dinà natik...
3. the natural things (*hiŋs*) dins natik,
4. to the natural things (*hiŋs*) dinès natik ...

E. Comparatio (plulütenam).

- a. fair (fer) jönik;
e. fairer (férer) jönikùm; the fairest houses ('auses)
i. fairest (fèrest) jönikùn; doms jönikün (jöniküns doms)...

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III. Numeràlia (numavöds).

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| a. one (uán) bal, two (tu) tel,
three (hri) kil, four (föör) fol,
five (feif) lul; six mal, seven
(sevn) vel, eight (èt) jøl, nine
(nein) zal. | o. four times (föör teims) folnà; |
| e. ten båls; twenty (tuénti) tèls... | u. five and five (fëif and feif)
<i>a</i> lul; |
| i. the second (sékənd) telid;
thirdly (hördli) kiliđo. | a. sixfold (síxföld) malik; |
| | ə. pair (pér) telèl; to double (tu
débl) telön; |
| | u. hundred ('éndred) tùm;
thousand (häusand) mil ... |

IV. Pronòmina (pönòps).

A. Personàlia (pösodiks).

a. I (éi)	òb;	one's (uéns) self...	òk.
thou (hau)	ol;		
you (yu)	òns;		
he ('i)	om,		
she (ji)	of,		
it (ít)	os;		
one (uén), they (hè), people (pipl), men... on,		e. we (ui)	òbs;
		you (yu)	ols;
		they (hè)	oms,
		— (they)	ofs;
		— (themselves — hém- selvs)	òks.

E. Possessiva (labediks).

a. my (mei, mi)	obik (obà);	—	okik (oka).
thy (hei)	olik (ola),		
your (yür)	onsik (onsa);	e. our (aur)	obsik (obàs, obsà);
his ('is)	omik (omà),	your (yür)	olsik (olas, olsa);
her ('ør)	ofik (ofa),	their (hèr)	omsik (omas, omsa),
its (íz)	osik (osa);	—	ofsik (ofas, ofsa),
—	onik (ona),	—	oksik (okas, oksa).

I. Demonstrativa (joniks).

a. this (hís)	at	i. the same (he sém)	òt,
— (this)	ji-at, (of-at)	„ very same (he véri sem)	òt;
— (this)	atos.	o. he, that ('i, hát)	ut,
e. that (hát)	et,	—	at;
(thát own self — hát ón self)	eit;	u. self	it ...

O. Interrogativa (säköna).

a. who? ('ù)	kim?	e. which? ('uic)	kiòm?
what? ('uát)	kis? (kiòs?)	— (what?)	kimik? ...

U. Relativa (getefamiks).

a. which ('uic)	kèl,	i. — (what, that)	kelòs, (os-kèl);
whose ('ùs)	kelà,	to whom (tu 'um)	kelè,
e. —	ji-kèl, of-kèl;	— (whom)	keli ...

A. Indefinita (nefümiks).

a. somebody (səmbódi)	ék,	u. something (səmhiŋ) bòs,
nobody (nóbódi)	nèk ;	nothing (nəhiŋ) nòs;
e. every one (évəri uén)	alim;	a. some (səm), any (áni) ans, anik;
i. some one (sém uén)	sembál ,	much (méc), many (méní)
none (nən)	nonik;	mədik, mədiks;
o. every (évəri)	alik,	few (fyu) nemədik ...
all (ál)	valik;	

V. Vérba (velibs).*A. Persònae (pösöds). 1. Activum (dunafòm).**a. Präsens (patüp).**1. Singulàris (banum).*

I love (éi lóv)	löfòb ;
thou lovest (hau lóvst)	ləfɔl ,
you love (yu lóv)	ləfɔns ;
he loves ('i lóvs)	ləfom ,
she loves (ji „)	ləfof ,
it „ (it „)	ləfos ;
— (they love)	ləfon ,
he loves himself ('i lóvs 'ímsélf)	ləfomok .

2. Plurális (plunum).

we love (ui lóv)	ləfòbs ;
you „ (yu „)	ləfols ;
they „ (hè „)	ləfoms ,
— (they love — he lóv)	ləfofs ,
they love themselves (hè lóv hemsélv)	ləfomsok (ləf- omoks).

E. Témpora (timafòms).

e. I loved (ei lóvd)	älfob ;
thou hast loved (hau 'ast lóvd)	eləfol ;
he had loved ('i had lóvd)	iləfom ;
i. she will love (ji uíl lóv)	oləfof ,
it will have loved (it uíl 'av lóvd)	uləfos ...

*2. Passivum (sufafom).*

a. they are loved (hè ár lóvd)	paləfoms ;
e. you were loved (yu uér lóvd)	päləfons ,
we have been loved (ui 'av bìn lóvd)	peləfobs ,
you had been loved (yu 'ad bìn lóvd)	piləfols ;
i. he will be loved ('i uíl bì lóvd)	poləfom ,
they will have been loved (hè uíl 'av bìn lóvd)	puləfoms ...

I. Interrogatio (sák).

a. do I love? (du ei lóv?)	ləfob-li?
e. do I not love? (du ei nót lóv?)	no ləfob-li?

O. Imperativus (büdabid).

a. love (you)! (lóv yu!)	ləfonsöd!
e. — (he shall have been loved = 'i jál 'av bìn lóvd)	peləfoməd! ...

English :

U. Participia (ladyekabid).

volapüko :

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|------------------------------|-------------|
| a. loving (lóviŋ) | ləföł, |
| e. having loved ('aviŋ lóvd) | eləfəł! ... |
| i. loved (lóvd) | peləfəł ... |

Ä. Infinitivus (subsatabid).

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|--------------------------------|--|
| a. to love (tu lóv) | ləfön; |
| e. to have loved (tu 'av lóvd) | eləfən ... |
| — | (oləfən, uləfən; paləfən, peləfən ...) |

Ö. Conjunctivus (mögabid).

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|------------------|-----------|
| he love ('i lóv) | ləfəb-la. |
|------------------|-----------|

Ü. Conjunctivus et interrogatio:

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|---------------------------------|---------------|
| — (should he love? júd 'i lóv?) | äləfəm-li-la? |
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VI. Advérbia (ladvelibs).

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| 1. well (uél) | gudiko; |
| 2. better (béter) | gudikumo; |
| best (in the best manner — in he bést manər) | gudiküno. |
| more friendly (mòr fréndli) | flenikumò; |
| 3. I think well (ei híŋk uél) | tikòb gudik, |
| " " " (,, ,,,) | gudikò tikòb ... |

VII. Præpositiones (pläpòds).

1. *ubi?*

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|------------------------------|---------|
| a. in | in, |
| e. in the house (in he 'áus) | in dòm. |

2. *quò?*

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| into the house (intù he 'áus) | in domi ... |
|-------------------------------|-------------|

Blufasèt.

The knowledge of one's self has always been the best foundation of all virtues (he nòléc óv uéns sélf 'ás áluès bìn he bést faundèjen óv ál véreyús).

Itisevàm eibinòm stabìn gudikan tugàs valik.

(Vøds 6 pla 14!)

[Nàchdrúk verbòten!]

(Posbuk binom panedaləl!)